

Department of Paramedical Sciences

Faculty of Allied Health Sciences SGT UNIVERSITY

Shree Guru Gobind Singh Tricentenary University

Gurgaon-122505

Syllabus

B.Sc. PERFUSION TECHNOLOGY

Duration: 3 years (6 Semester) 1 year Compulsory Internship

W.e.f. Academic Session 2022-23

Program Introduction

B.Sc. Perfusion technology is a 3+1-year degree program that deals with Heart-Lung machine. Perfusion is defined as those functions necessary for the support, treatment, measurement, or supplementation of the cardiopulmonary and circulatory system of the patient. Course involves the study of physiology, pathology and associated equipment used to support and or assume the function of the heart and or lungs during medical procedures. The perfusion technologist prepares and operates the heart-lung machine and other sophisticated equipment as directed by healthcare physicians

The students of perfusion technology must have a thorough understanding of both respiratory and circulatory systems, and be able to operate complex equipments.

The Perfusionist utilizes technology such as heart/lung machines, ventricular assist devices and artificial hearts, as well as pharmacological interventions to maintain the patient during the period of circulatory support. Perfusionist is a healthcare professional who controls the cardiopulmonary bypass machine during cardiac surgery and various kinds of other surgeries that requires Perfusionist to have control of the patient's physiology status."

B.Sc. Cardiac Care Technology degree holders will be able to find work in various sectors such as Hospitals, Universities, Health organizations etc.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES/OUTCOMES

Students learn about Human Anatomy, Human Physiology, Pathology of disease, Microbiology of causing pathogens, Pharmacology of drugs used in Human being.

Students learn about Electrocardiography monitoring and applications in diagnosis and prognosis of cardiac diseases.

Students learn about Heart-Lung Machine handling and operating during open heart surgery.

Students learn about Handling and operating the Intra-aortic balloon pump during recovery phase post-cardiotomy in required patients.

Students learn about handling and operating the Extra-corporeal membrane oxygenation in cardiac and respiratory patients.

Students learn about the ventricular assisted devices there indication, contraindication, complications and there mechanism.

Students learn about congenital and another cardiovascular disease, how they diagnose, their treatment and their prognosis.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SEMESTER - 1

PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL	CREDIT
		CODE	EXAMINATION		EXAMINATION			
			UNIV.EXAM	INT.EXAM	UNIV.EXAM	INT. EXAM		
1	HUMAN ANATOMY-I		60	40	30	20	150	4+1
2	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I		60	40	30	20	150	4+1
3	BASIC BIOCHEMISTRY		60	40	30	20	150	4+1
4	GENARAL MICROBIOLOGY		60	40	30	20	150	4+1
5	COMMUNICATION SKILLS & PERSONALITY DEPARTMENT		60	40			100	4
	TOTAL		300	200	120	80	700	24

SEMESTER – 2

PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL	CREDITS
		CODE	EXAMINATION		EXAMINATION			
1	HUMAN ANATOMY-II		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>			<mark>100</mark>	4
2	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-II		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	-		<mark>100</mark>	4
3	APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>20</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	<mark>4+2</mark>
4	PATHOLOGY		60	40	30	20	150	4+2
5	PHARMACOLOGY-I		60	40	-	-	100	4
5	FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE		60	40			100	4
	TOTAL		360	240	60	40	700	28

SEMESTER -3

PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	THEORY		PRACTICAL	-	TOTAL	CREDITS
		CODE EXAMINATION		ΓΙΟΝ	EXAMINAT	ION		
1	Applied PATHOLOGY		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	<mark>20</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	<mark>4+2</mark>
2	PHARMACOLOGY		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>	·		<mark>100</mark>	<mark>4</mark>
3	INTRODUCTION TO PERFUSION TECH.		60	40	30	20	150	4+2
4	MEDICAL EMERGENCIES & PATIENT CARE		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>		-	- 100	4
5	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE		60	40		-	- 100	4
	TOTAL		300	120	60	40	600	24

SEMESTER – 4

PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL	CREDITS
		CODE	EXAMINATION		EXAMINATION			
1	BASICS OF PUMPS & OVXGENATORS & BLOOD COMPONENT		60	40	30	20	150	4+2
2	CONDUCTION OF CPB		60	40	30	20	150	4+2
3	MEDICAL DISORDERS & INTENSIVE CARE		60	40	30	20	150	4+2
	TOTAL		180	120	90	60	450	18

SEMESTER – 5

		321							
PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	PER THEORY PRACTICAL		TOTAL	CREDITS			
		CODE	EXAMIN	ATION	EXAMINATION				
1	MYOCARDIAL PROTECTION & DRUGS IN CPB		60	40	30	20	150	4+2	
2	Special Situations in Perfusion Technology		60	40	30	20	150	4+2	
3	Mechanical Circulatory Support Device		60	40	30	20	150	4+2	
4	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & BIOSTATICS		60	40			100	4	
5	HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT & MED. ETHICS		<mark>60</mark>	<mark>40</mark>			<mark>100</mark>	<mark>4</mark>	
	TOTAL		300	200	90	60	650	26	

			SEMESTER – 6					
PAPER	SUBJECT	PAPER	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL	CREDITS
		CODE	CODE EXAMINATION		EXAMINATION			
1	EVALUATIVE CLINCAL				<mark>160</mark>	<mark>240</mark>	<mark>400</mark>	<mark>16</mark>
	TRAINING &							
	INTERNSHIP							
2	Technical writing				40	<mark>60</mark>	<mark>100</mark>	04
	TOTAL				200	300	500	20

SEMESTER 1st

HUMAN ANATOMY-I

Course outcome: The course focuses on anatomical terminology, anatomical identification, and physiological processes of human body systems. After learning this subjects students are able to understand the anatomical position, histology and structure of different of the human body.

PAPER – 1 PAPER CODE Semester I

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3	1		4	Internal Assessment:	40 Marks
				Total:	100 Marks
				Duration of Examinati	on: 3 Hours

UNIT-I

08 Hours

Introduction: human body as a whole

Definition of anatomy and its subdivisions

Anatomical nomenclature and terminology (planes &positions)

Surface Anatomy of main structures and vessels

Applied anatomy& Joints

Musculoskeletal system

Connective tissue & its modification, tendons, membranes, special connective tissue.

Bone structure, blood supply, growth, ossification, and classification.

Muscle classification, structure and functional aspect.

Joints classification, structures of joints, movements, range, limiting factors, stability, blood supply

Nerve supply, dislocations and applied anatomy

UNIT-II

10 Hours

Extremity (Lower & Upper extremities) Bony architecture Joints – structure, range of movement Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply Major nerves – course, branches and implications of nerve injuries Development of limb bones, muscles and anomalies Radiographic identification of bone and joints Applied anatomy Lower extremity Bony architecture Joints – structure, range of movement Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply Major nerves – course, branches and implications of nerve injuries Development of limb bones, muscles and anomalies Radiographic identification of bone and joints Applied anatomy

UNIT-III

10 Hours

Spine and thorax

Back muscles -Superficial layer

Deep muscles of back, their origin, insertion, action and nerve supply.

Vertebral column – Structure & Development, Structure & Joints of vertebra. Thoracic cage **Head and neck: Cranium**

Facial Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply Temporal mandibular Joints – structure, types of movement

UNIT-IV	<u> 10 Hours</u>
Cardiovascular system (with relevant applied anatomy)	
Heart-Size, location, chambers.	
Circulation -Systemic & pulmonary	
Great vessels of the heart, branches of aorta.	
Overview of blood vessels of upper extremity and lower ext	remity
Lymphatic system- (with relevant applied anatomy)	
	ymph node)
	ymph node)
	ymph node) 10 Hours
Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, l UNIT-V	
Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, l UNIT-V Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy)	
Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, l <u>UNIT-V</u> <u>Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy)</u> Parts of the gastrointestinal tract	<u>10 Hours</u>
Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, l <u>UNIT-V</u> <u>Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy)</u> Parts of the gastrointestinal tract	<u>10 Hours</u>
Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, l UNIT-V Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy) Parts of the gastrointestinal tract Gross anatomy of Tongue, stomach, small and large intesting and other digestive organ& related applied anatomy	<u>10 Hours</u>
Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy) Parts of the gastrointestinal tract Gross anatomy of Tongue, stomach, small and large intestin	10 Hours ne, liver, gall bladder Pancrea

HUMAN ANATOMY I-PRACTICAL

PAPER – 2 PAPER CODE-

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	1	1	Internal Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks

- 1) Identification and description of all anatomical structures.
- 2) Demonstration of dissected parts (upper extremity, lower extremity, thoracic & abdominal viscera, face and brain).
- 3) Demonstration of skeleton-articulated and disarticulated.
- 4) Surface anatomy: Surface land mark-bony, muscular and ligamentous. Surface anatomy of major nerves, arteries of the limbs.

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I

Course objective : The course focuses on general physiology of blood, cells & tissue of organs in human bodies. After learning this subject the students able to understand the functions of different organs of human bodies.

PAPER 3 PAPER CODE Semester I

Examination: 60 Marks **Internal Assessment:** Total:

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

UNIT-I

L Т

3 1

General Physiology

P Credits

4

Cell: morphology, Structure and function of cell organelles Structure of cell membrane Transport across cell membrane Intercellular communication Homeostasis

Blood

Introduction-composition & function of blood

W.B.C., R.B.C., Platelets formation & functions, Immunity

Plasma: composition, formation & functions, Plasma Proteins: -types & functions, Blood Groupstypes, significance, determination.

Hemoglobin, Heamostasis

Lymph-composition, formation, circulation & functions

UNIT-II

Cardiovascular system

Conducting system-components, impulse conduction Heart valves Cardiac cycle-definition, phases of cardiac cycle.

Cardiac output-definition, normal value, determinants.

Stroke volume and its regulation.

Heart rate and its regulation:

Arterial pulse, Blood pressure-definition, normal values, factors affecting blood pressure. Shock-definition, classification, causes and features, Basic idea of ECG, Cardiovascular changes during exercise

UNIT-III

Respiratory System

Mechanics of respiration Lung volumes and capacities

Pulmonary circulation, transport of respiratory gases

Factors affecting respiration, Regulation of respiration-neural regulation, voluntary control and chemical regulation

Hypoxia, Hypercapnoea, Hypocapnoea,

Artificial respiration Disorders of respiration- dyspnoea, orthopnoea, hyperpnoea, hyperventilation, apnoea, Tachypnoea, Respiratory changes during exercise.

Digestive System Digestion& absorption of nutrients, Gastro-intestinal secretions & their regulation Functions of Liver & Stomach

UNIT-IV

Nervous system

14 Hours

10 Hours

40 Marks 100 Marks

10 Hours

14 Hours

Introduction, central and peripheral nervous system, functions of nervous system Reflexes-monosynaptic, polysynaptic, superficial, deep &withdrawal reflex Sense organ, receptors,

electrical& chemical events in receptors.

Sensory pathways for touch, temperature, pain, proprioception & others.

Control of tone & posture: Integration at spinal, brain stem, cerebellar, basal ganglion levels, along with their functions.

Motor mechanism: motor cortex, motor pathway: the descending tracts -pyramidal & extrapyramidal tracts-origin, course, termination & functions. Upper motor neuron and lower motor neuron paralysis.

Special senses-eye, ear, nose, mouth

Water excretion, concentration of urine-regulation of Na+, Cl-, K+ excretion

Nerve Muscle Physiology

Muscles-classification, structure, properties, Excitation, contraction, coupling, Motor unit, EMG, factors affecting muscle tension, Muscle tone, fatigue, exercise .

Nerve – structure and function of neurons, classification, properties Resting membrane potential & Action potential their ionic basis, All or None phenomenon Neuromuscular transmission Ionic basis of nerve conduction.

Concept of nerve injury & Wallerian degeneration Synapses.

Electrical events in postsynaptic neurons Inhibition & facilitation at synapses .

Chemical transmission of synaptic activity Principal neurotransmitters. Chemical transmission of synaptic activity Principal neurotransmitters.

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY I-PRACTICAL

PAPER – 4 PAPER CODE Semester I

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	1	1	Internal Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks

- 1. Haemoglobinometry
- 2. White Blood Cell count
- 3. Red Blood Cell count
- 4. Determination of Blood Groups
- 5. Leishman's staining and Differential WBC count
- 6. Determination of packed cell Volume
- 7. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate[ESR]
- 8. Calculation of Blood indices
- 9. Determination of Clotting Time, BleedingTime
- 10. Blood pressure recording
- 11. Auscultation for Heart Sounds
- 12. Artificial Respiration

BASIC BIOCHEMISTRY

Course outcome: The course focuses on chemical analysis of human bodies on cellular level. After learning this subject students are able to understand the biomolecules like carbohydrates, fats, proteins & vitamins.

PAPER -5 PAPER CODE Semester I

Examination: Internal Assessment: Total:

60 Marks

40 Marks

100 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Unit-I **12 Hours** Carbohydrates: Definition, function and classification of carbohydrate. Monosaccharide, glycoside formation, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides. Glycolysis, catabolic fates of pyruvate, metabolic fate of Acetyl-CoA and Citric acid cycle, gluconeogenesis, glycogen metabolism, pentose phosphate pathway.

Unit-II

Amino acids and proteins: Definition, structure, classification, essential &non essential amino acids. Proteins definition and classification. Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary of proteins of proteins

Unit-III

Vitamins: Definition and classification of vitamins, difference between fat soluble and water soluble vitamins. Water soluble vitamins and fat soluble vitamins

Unit-IV

Lipids: Definition, classification and function of lipids. Fatty Acids, Triacylglycerols or Triacylgcerides or neutral fat. Fatty acid metabolism. Ketone body metabolism.

BASIC BIOCHEMISTRY-PRACTICAL

PAPER-6 PAPER CODE

Semester I

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	1	1	Internal Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks

1. Identification of carbohydrates by Molisch's test.

2. Identification of reducing sugar by Benedict's test.

3. Identification of protein by Biuret's test.

4. Identification of ketose sugars by Seliwanoff's test.

5. Identification of reducing sugar by Osazone test.

6. Identification of cholesterol by Salkowski's test.

12 Hours

12 Hours

12 Hours

L T P Credits 3 1 4

GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

Course Objective: The course focuses on study of micro-organisms. After learning this subjects students are able to understand how micro-organism affect the human being and How can we sterilize the medical equipment to prevent from infection

PAPER -7 PAPER CODE Semester I

L T P Credits 3 1 4

Examination:60 MInternal Assessment:40 MTotal:100 M

60 Marks 40 Marks 100 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

<u>UNIT-I</u>

Safety measures in laboratory Microscopy: Principle, working and applications of Light microscope, Dark field, Phase contrast microscopy, Fluorescent & Electron microscopy Sterilization and Disinfection: Physical Methods of Sterilization, Chemical Methods of Sterilization, Methods of Disinfection

<u>UNIT-II</u>

Introduction and classification of Bacteria, Morphology of bacteria, Growth, Nutrition & Metabolism of Bacteria

Normal microbial flora of human body, role of normal flora, probiotics. Bacterial genetics- Bacterial DNA & RNA, Replication of bacteria. Microbial pathogenicity

<u>UNIT-III</u>

Bacterial Culture and Identification: Culture Media & Transport Media, Aerobic Bacterial Culture Techniques, Anaerobic Bacterial Culture Techniques, Sample collection and transport methods Bacterial identification techniques: Conventional methods, Automated culture techniques.

UNIT-IV

Smear preparation & Staining methods: Gram stain, Acid fast stain, Negative stain, Spore stain Antimicrobial susceptibility testing: Principle and techniques of Diffusion Methods Dilution Methods

Preservation techniques of bacteria

GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY-PRACTICAL

PAPER-8 PAPER CODE

B. Sc. Semester I

	21800800001	
L T P Credits	Examination:	30 Marks
1 1	Int. Assessment:	20 Marks
	Total:	50 Marks

- 1. Microscope : Light & Compound Microscope
- 2. Staining: Grams staining, ZN staining, Negative stain
- 3. Preparation of commonly used culture media : Nutrient Agar, Blood Agar, Chocolate agar, Mac Conkey agar, Muller Hinton agar
- 4. Culture methods : Streak method, Lawn method, Stroke method, Stab method, Pour Plate method, Liquid method
- 5. Antibiotic susceptibility test: Diffusion methods, Dilution Methods

COMMUNICATION SKILLS AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

Course Outcome : to prepare students to be confident communicators for different real-life contexts, through repetitive oral practices and student-student cooperation.

PAPER – 9 PAPER CODE Semester I

L	Т	Р	Credits	
L	Т	Р	Credits	

3	1	-	4
,	Ι	-	4

Examination:	60 Marks
Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
Total:	100 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

<u>Unit I</u>

10 Hours

Listening Comprehension

- Speeches
- Interviews
- audio-video clippings followed by exercises
- Introduction to Communication
- Importance of Communication
- Barriers to Communication and ways to overcome them

Unit II

10 Hours

Conversation Skills

- Greetings and introducing oneself
- Framing questions and answer
- Role play
- Buying: asking details etc
- Word formation strategies
- Vocabulary building: Antonyms, Synonyms, Affixation, Suffixation, One word substitution

<u>Unit III</u>

10 Hours

Reading Comprehension

- Simple narration and Stories
- Simple Passages
- Newspaper and articles clippings
- Note Making
- Paragraph Writing
- Comprehension
- Report Writing: types, characteristics
- Introduction to Letter Writing

Unit IV

08 Hours

Pronunciation

- Pronunciation
- Syllable and Stress
- Intonation and Modulation

UNIT V

10 Hours

Writing Comprehension

- Letters: types, format, style
- Précis Writing
- Paragraph: Order, Topic sentence, consistency, coherence
- Report and Proposal

Project Writing: Features, Structure

SEMESTER 2nd

HUMAN ANATOMY-II

Course outcome: The course focus on antomy of urinary system, reproductive system, endocrine system & nervous system. After learning this subject students are able to understand the anatomical location and histology of mentioned organ.

PAPER-1 PAPER CODE

Semester II

Semest	er II	
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Exami	ination: 3 Hours
UNIT-I		<u>Hours</u>
Urinary system (with relevant applied anaton	ny)	
Parts of urinary system		
Salient gross features of kidney, urinary bladde	er, ureter and urethra.	
UNIT-II	10	<u>Hours</u>
Reproductive system		
Parts of male and female reproductive system v	with salient gross feature	es of testis & uterus,
ovary and fallopian tube		
UNIT-III	10	Hours
Endocrine glands		
List of the endocrine glands, their position and sa	alient gross features	
Hormones produced by each endocrine glands		
Embryology		
Spermatogenesis & oogenesis		
Ovulation, fertilization, Placenta, Fetalcirculation	n	
UNIT-IV	1) Hours
Nervous system		
Classification of the nervous system, Definitions	s of central, peripheral an	d autonomic
Classification of the nervous system, Definitions nervous system	s of central, peripheral an	d autonomic
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s of central, peripheral an	d autonomic
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia		
nervous system	urts of brainstem (salient f	eatures only)
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Pa	urts of brainstem (salient f	eatures only)
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Pa .Cerebrospinal fluid and its circulation, names of	arts of brainstem (salient f of cranial nerves, spinal n	eatures only)
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Pa .Cerebrospinal fluid and its circulation, names of ventricles (salient features only)	arts of brainstem (salient f of cranial nerves, spinal n	eatures only) erve, meninges,
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Pa .Cerebrospinal fluid and its circulation, names of ventricles (salient features only) <u>UNIT-V</u>	arts of brainstem (salient f of cranial nerves, spinal n	eatures only) erve, meninges,
nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Pa .Cerebrospinal fluid and its circulation, names of ventricles (salient features only) <u>UNIT-V</u> Sensory organs	arts of brainstem (salient f of cranial nerves, spinal n	eatures only) erve, meninges,

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-II

Course outcome: The course focus on physiology of excretory system, endocrine system, reproductive system & nervous system. After learning these subjects students are able to understand functions and how they affects other organs of the human bodies of mentioned system.

system.		
PAPER CO	DE-3	
B. Sc. Seme	ster II	
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Examin	nation: 3 Hours
UNIT-I		10 Hours
Excretory system:		
Functions of kidneys,		
Composition of urine		
Mechanism of urine formation		
Regulations of body temperature		
Fluid and electrolyte balance		
Alterations in disease		
UNIT-II		<u> 10 Hours</u>
Sensory Organs:		
Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue		
Alterations in disease		
UNIT-III		<u>10 Hours</u>
Endocrines		
Functions of pituitary, Pineal gland, Thymus, Thy	roid, Parathyroid,	
Pancreas,		
Suprarenal & placenta		
Alterations in disease		
<u>UNIT-IV</u>		<u>10 Hours</u>
Reproduction		
Reproduction of cells-DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, Sp	ermatogenesis, Oogenes	sis
Functions of female reproductive organs:		
Functions of breast, female sexual cycle		
Introduction to embryology		
Functions of male reproductive organs:		
Fertility system		
Alterations in disease		
UNIT-V		08 Hours
Lymphatic and Immunological system:		
Circulation of lymph		
Immunity		
Formations of T- Cells and B- Cells		
Types of Immune response		
Antigens		
Castalaina		

Cytokine

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

Course outcome: This course is focus on the application of biochemistry in the diagnosis method use to diagnose disease related to human serum, fluid, blood and urine. After learning this subject students are able to understand the collection method of sample, procedure and normal values for an accurate diagnosis

PAPER-5 PAPER CODE Semester II

				Bemester H	
L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3	1		4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
				Total:	100 Marks
				Duration of Examin	nation: 3 Hours

UNIT-I

10 Hours

Collection Of Specimen

Types of specimen(blood plasma, serum , urine , body fluid , CSF), there variables and normal range use of anticoagulant & types of vial

Unit II

Introduction to lab apparatus

Pippetes, biurettes & beakers Flasks types and uses Reagent bottles, funnels types & uses Chemical balance

<u>Unit III</u>

Concepts of Acid - Base & salt reaction and hydrogen ion concentration, pH meter & buffer. Enzymes- Definition, general classification, clinical and therapeutic significance of enzymes Basic principles and estimation of blood gases and ph Basic principles and estimation of electrolytes.

Unit IV

10 Hours

Chemistry of Carbohydrates Chemistry of Lipids Chemistry of Proteins- classification and examples

<u>UNIT V</u>

08 Hours

Liver function tests and their assessment Renal function tests and their assessment Cardiac profile- biochemical markers of myocardial infarction, basic principles, evaluation and application

10 Hours

10 Hours

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY-PRACTICAL

PAPER-6 PAPER CODE Semester II

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	2	2	Int. Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks
				Duration of Exam	ination: 3 Hours

Introduction to apparatus, instruments and use of chemical balance

Qualitative analysis, Identification of Carbohydrates, Proteins & substances of biochemical importance

Demonstration of colorimeter, spectrophotometer, pH meter, single pan balance

Urine examination for the detection of normal and abnormal constituents.

Interpretation and diagnosis through charts.

- a. Liver function tests.
- b. Lipid profile
- c. Cardiac markers
- d. Blood gases and electrolytes.

Estimation of blood sugar Estimation of blood urea.

PATHOLOGY

Course outcome: This course focus on studies of pathogens. How they affects the cells, tissue and organs of human body. After learning this subject students are able to understand cause and pathology of any particular disease.

				$\mathbf{PAPER} = 7$	
				PAPER CODE	
				Semester II	
L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3	1		4	Internal Assessment:	40 Marks
				Total:	100 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

<u>Unit I</u>

Introduction of pathology

Cell injury - types, etiology, morphology, Cell death-autolysis, necrosis, apoptosis, Cellular adaptations-atrophy, hypertrophy, hyperplasia, metaplasia.

Inflammation- acute inflammation-vascular events, cellular events, chemical mediators, chronic inflammation-general features, granulomatous inflammation, tuberculosis.

Healing and repair - Definition, different phases of healing, factors influencing wound healing, fracture healing.

Haemodynamic disorders-Oedema, hypermia, congestion, haemorrhage, embolism, thrombosis, infarction. Neoplasia - defintion, nomenclature, features of benign and malignant tumors, spread of tumors, dysplasia, carcinoma in situ, precancerous lesions. Environmental and nutritional pathology - smoking, radiation injury, malnutrition, obesity, vitamin deficiencies.

<u>Unit II</u>

Haematological Disorders, Introduction and Haematopoiesis,

Anaemia - introduction and classification (morphological and etiological), iron deficiency anemia: distribution of body iron, iron absorption, causes of iron deficiency, lab findings, megaloblastic anaemia: causes, lab findings, haemolytic anemias: definition. Causes, classification and lab findings.WBC disorders - quantitative disorders, leukemia - introduction and classification, acute leukemias, chronic leukemias. Bleeding disorders - introduction, physiology of hemostasis. Classification, causes of inherited and Causes, classification and lab findings.WBC disorders - quantitative disorders, leukemia - introduction and lab findings.WBC disorders - quantitative disorders, leukemia - introduction and classification, acute leukemias, chronic leukemias. Bleeding disorders - introduction, physiology of hemostasis. Classification, causes of inherited and acquired bleeding disorders, thrombocytopenia, DIC, laboratory findings. Pancytopenia.

<u>Unit III</u>

Basic Hematological Techniques : Blood collection - methods (capillary blood, venipuncture, arterial puncture) complications, anticoagulants, transport of the specimen, preservation, effects of storage, separation of serum and plasma, universal precautions, complete hemogram - CBC, peripheral smear, BT, CT, PT, APTT, ESR, disposal of the waste in the laboratory.

<u>Unit IV</u>

Transfusion Medicine Selection of donor, blood grouping, Rh typing, cross matching, storage, transfusion transmitted diseases, transfusion reactions, components - types, indications

<u>UNIT V</u>

Clinical Pathology collection, transport, preservation, and processing of various clinical specimens.

Urinalysis - collection. Preservatives, physical, chemical examination and microscopy. Physical examination; volume, color, odor, appearance, specific gravity and ph, Chemical examination; strip method- protein - heat and acetic acid test, sulfosalicylic acid method, reducing sugar-benedicts test, ketone bodies - rotheras test, bile salt - hays method, blood - benzidine test, urobilinogen and porphobilinogen - ehrlich aldehyde and schwartz test, bence jones protein.

PATHOLOGY

PAPER – 8 PAPER CODE Semester II

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	2	2	Int. Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks
				Duration of Examina	tion:

HAEMATOLOGY

Hb Estimation-Sahli's method & Cyanmethhaemoglobin method RBC Count Retic count Preparation of blood smears and staining with Leishman stain WBC Count WBC-Differential Count Platelet Count Absolute Eosinophil Count ESR-Westergrens & Wintrobe's method PCV Sickling test-Demonstration Bone Marrow Smear Preparation & staining procedure

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY Urine Examination (Physical, Chemical, Microscopic)

PHARMACOLOGY-I

Course outcome: This course focus on introduction of drugs and drugs used for nervous system, cardiovascular system and renal system. After learning this subject students are able to understand how body react to drugs and vice versa

PAPER-7 PAPER CODE Semester II

L	Т	P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3	1	4	Internal Assessment	40 Marks
			Total:	100 Marks

<u>UNIT-I</u>

GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY : Principles of drug administration and routes of administration and routes of administration, Pharmacokinetics : absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion of drugs, factors influencing drug action, dosage and factors modifying it. Pharmacodynamics Drug allergy, poisoning & toxicity, synergetic antagonistic effect of drugs plasma half life, drug efficacy & potency, mechanism of drug action, adverse drug reaction

<u>Unit II</u>

ANS : Cholinergic & anticholinergic drugs , skeletal muscle relaxant, Sympathomimetics drugs(adrenergic drugs) , alpha & beta blockers

<u>Unit III</u>

CNS : Sedative & hypnotics , local & general anesthetics , Antiepileptic & Antipsychotics, Antidepressent & Analgesics

<u>Unit IV</u>

CVS : Antihypertensive drugs , Anti-anginal drugs , Anti arrhythmic drugs, Cardiac glycosides, plasma expendors

<u>UNIT V</u>

Antiemetic & Diuretics, UTI DRUGS

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Course outcome: This course focus on basic knowledge of computer science. After learning this subject students are able to understand usage of computer and its techniques in medical and research

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				PAPER-0		
				PAPER CODE	4	
				Semester II		
L	Т	Р	Credits		Examination:	60 Marks
3	1	-	4		Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
					Total:	100 Marks
					Duration of Examin	ation: 3 Hours

<u>UNIT-I</u>

Introduction:

What are computers, Application areas, Characteristics & limitations, Evolution of computers, Classification& generations of computers, Data representation in computer memory (numbering system)

Computers Architecture /Organization:

Basicarchitecture, Functional Block diagram, Types of computers on the basis of purpose, Signal and Portability.

<u>UNIT-II</u>

Hardware:

CPU their generations and performance parameters, Input, output and storage devices. Primary (Main) Memories (RAM, ROM, Types of RAM and ROM, Cache Memory, Registers and types of registers, Storage Evaluation Criteria, Memory Capacity), Secondary Storage Devices: (Magnetic Disk, Floppy and Hard Disk, USBs, Optical Disks CD-ROMs)

Software:

Types: System Software (Machine Level Languages, Operating Systems, Device Specific Drivers), Higher Level Languages, and Applications

<u>UNIT-III</u>

Languages: Machine Language, Assembly Languages, Programming Languages. Use of Compilers, Assemblers, Linkers, Loaders and interpreters in programming languages

Operating System: Booting/Start Up Procedure of machines, Introduction to Operating System, Functions and Classification of Operating Systems, Basic introduction to DOS, UNIX/LINUX OS, Windows

HTML, Use of Multimedia, Computer aided teaching and testing Application Software MS office (Word, Excel and Powerpoint) <u>UNIT-IV</u>

Basic Introduction to Computer Networks:

Data Communication, Network devices (Hub, Switches, Modems, and Routers etc), LAN, LAN topologies, WAN, MAN, Internet: Introduction, Basics of E-mail, Web browsers (IE, Google Chrome, and Mozilla Firefox),

Structure of Universal Resource Locator, Domains (.com, .in, .country specific, .org and rationale behind them), IP address, Backbone network, Network connecting devices, HTTP, DNS, Network Security and Search Engine.

SEMESTER 3rd

APPLIED PATHOLOGY

Course outcome: This course is focus on application of pathology in diagnosis of diseased organ of human body. After learning this subject students are able to learn about disease of cardiovascular system, respiratory system and renal system.

PAPER-1 PAPER CODE Semester III

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of Examin	ation: 3 Hours	

<u>Unit-I</u>

Atherosclerosis-definition, risk factors, pathogenesis, morphology and complications, Ischemic heart disease: Myocardial infarction- definition, pathogenesis, morphology and complications, Hypertension- Benign and malignant hypertension: pathogenesis, pathology and complications

<u>UNIT-II</u>

Heart failure-Right and left heart failure: causes, pathophysiology and morphology, Rheumatic heart disease and infectious endocarditis- definition, etiopathogenesis, morphology and complications, Congenital heart disease- Types and atrial septal defect; aneurysms- types and morphology; cardiomyopathies in brief.

UNIT-III

Atelectasis - types, Adult respiratory distress syndrome - causes , pathogenesis and morphology; pulmonary edema- classification, causes and morphology, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease- Chronic bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, bronchiectasis: Definition, etiopathogenesis and morphology, Restrictive pulmonary diseases- Definition, categories, pathogenesis and morphology

UNIT-IV

Pneumoconiosis-types, asbestosis, coal workers pneumoconiosis- Pneumoconiosis-types, asbestosis, coal workers pneumoconiosis-etiopathogenesis and morphology, Pulmonary embolism, infarction, pulmonary hypertension-Definition, etiopathogenesis and morphology, Pneumonia-Classification of pneumonias; Lobar pneumonia and bronchopneumonia - etiology, pathology and complications

<u>UNIT V</u>

Clinical manifestations of renal diseases, Glomerular lesions in systemic diseases- diabetes, amyloidosis and systemic lupus erythematosus, Pericardial and pleural effusions- causes and microscopy.

APPLIED PATHOLOGY-PRACTICAL

PAPER-2 PAPER CODE Semester III

L T P Credits - - 2 2 Examination:20 MarksInt. Assessment:30 MarksTotal:50 MarksDuration of Examination:3 Hours

Urine examination: physical, chemical, microscopy

Blood grouping & Rh typing

Hemoglobin estimation, packed cell volume (PCV), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)

Specimens : HEART & GREAT VESSELS SPECIMENS, LUNGS SPECIMENS, KIDNEY SPECIMEN, LIVER SPECIMENS

PHARMACOLOGY-II

Course outcome: This course focus on drugs used in chemotherapy, respiratory system, GIT & endocrine system. After learning this subject students are able to understand mechanism, indication, contraindication and adverse effect of drugs used in mentioned system.

PAPER-3 PAPER CODE Semester III

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Examination: 3 Hours	

<u>Unit-I</u>

CHEMOTHERAPY OF INFECTIONS : BACTERIOSTATIC & BACTERIOCIDAL DRUGS , SULPHONAMIDES , PENICILLIN, CEPHALOSPORINS MACROLIDES, AMINOGLYCOSIDES, ANTITUBERCULER DRUGS , ANTIVIRAL , ANTIRETROVIRAL , ANTIFUNGAL , ANTIMALARIAL, ANTIAMOEBIC , ANTI-CANCER DRUGS

UNIT-II

ANTICOAGULANT AGENTS. HEPARIN WARFARIN , ANTIPLATELET AGENTS, ANTIFIBRINOLYTICS , THROMBOLYTICS

UNIT-III

ANTIHISTAMINIC AGENTS, RESPIRATORY DRUGS: Introduction- modulators of bronchial smooth muscle tone and pulmonary vascular smooth muscle tone

- a. Mucokinetic and mucolytic agents
- b. Use of bland aerosols in respiratory care

Pharmacotherapy of bronchial asthma PROSTAGLANDINS, NSAIDS

UNIT-IV

Endocrine pharmacology: Thyroid harmones, glucocorticoids, anabolic steroids, calcitonin, insulin and oral hypoglycemic agents.

<u>UNIT V</u>

GIT DRUGS : ANTIDIARRHOEAL DRUGS, LAXATIVES , PHARMAVOTHERAPY OF PEPTIC ULCER

Introduction to Perfusion Technology

Course outcome: This course focus on anatomy & physiology of heart and introduction of perfusion technology. After learning this course students are able to understand History and basic components of extracorporeal circuit.

	PAPER-4			
	PAPER CODE			
Semester III				
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks		
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks		
	Total:	100 Marks		
	Duration of Examin	ation: 3 Hours		

<u>Unit-I</u>

History and evolution of Cardiac Surgery & Cardiopulmonary Bypass. Dr John Gibbons Heart Lung Machine, Cross circulation (Gross Well) technique Hypothermic Cardiac Surgery, Advent of Cardiopulmonary BypasS

<u>UNIT-II</u>

Basic Principles of: Extracorporeal Circulation, Extracorporeal gas exchange Biocompatible Materials used in Perfusion Aseptic techniques and Sterility in perfusion Basic components used in CPB- Heart lung machine, Oxygenator, Heater cooler unit Blood cardioplegia device ACT Machine, Basics of general Anaesthesia., Types of anaesthesia Basics of monitoring, Setting up of ECG machine, Pressure transducer, Syringe and peristaltic pumps, Anaesthesia Monitors, Pulse oximeters, Temperature probes and Thermoregulatory monitoring, Defibrillators, Fibrillators, ACT (Activated Clotting Time)

UNIT-III

Basics of diagnostic techniques, Chest X-ray, ECG, Echo, Coronary Angiography Laboratory investigations- arterial blood gas, Venous blood gas, Renal function test, liver function test, coagulation profile, Haemoglobin, haematocrit, platelet, RBC, WBC, Electrolytes

UNIT-IV

IHD (Ischaemic Heart Disease), ACS - angina types - typical, atypical, STEMI, NSTEMI, MI, Cardiomyopathy-Types, presentation, diagnosis and management of Presentation, Diagnosis and Management of Left ventricular failure, Right ventricular failure Respiratory System, Presentation, Diagnosis and Management, Chronic obstructive airway diseases, Bronchial asthma, Pneumonia, H_IN_I, Pneumothorax, Haemothorax, Basics of PFT and its interpretation

<u>UNIT V</u>

Congenital Heart Disease, presentation, diagnosis and management of, Atrial septal defect, VSD, PDA, TOF, TGA, TAPVC, Coarctation of aorta.

Rheumatic Heart Disease-Causes, presentation, diagnosis and management of Mitral stenosis, Mitral regurgitation, Aortic regurgitation, Aortic stenosis, Tricuspid, regurgitation, Tricuspid stenosis

Introduction to Perfusion Technology-Practical

PAPER-5 PAPER CODE

Semester III

L	Т	Р	Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
-	-	2	2	Int. Assessment:	30 Marks
				Total:	50 Marks
				Duration of Exami	nation:

- 1. Chest X-ray
- 2. ECG
- 3. Echocardiography Coronary Angiography
- 4. ACT Machine
- 5. Laboratory investigations- arterial blood gas, Venous blood gas, Renal function test, liver function test, coagulation profile.
- 6. Assembling of Heart Lung Machine

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES AND PATIENT CARE

Course outcome: This course is focus on pathophysiology of complex patient conditions requiring intensive care, as well as assessment, monitoring and advance therapeutics. After learning this course students are able to understand general ICU care & monitoring, infection control care, systemic disease & trauma care.

PAPER-6 PAPER CODE Semester III

L T P Credits 3 1 - 4

Examination:60 MarksInt. Assessment:40 MarksTotal:100 MarksDuration of Examination:3 Hours

<u>Unit – I:</u>

Introduction to Emergency Services

Organization of Emergency Department, Guidelines in Emergency, Clinical Monitoring, Fluid Therapy and Blood Transfusion, Airway Management, Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation, Principal of Mechanical Ventilation, Injection – An Infusion Method, Acid Base and Electrolyte Imbalance

<u>Unit – II:</u>

Handling of Different Emergencies

Cardiogenic Shock, Congestive Cardiac Failure, Myocardial Infarction, Head Injuries, Vasovagal Syncope, Seizer, Epilepsy, Conjunctival and Corneal Foreign Body, Foreign Body in Nose & in Ear, Epistaxis, Asthma, COPD, Haemoptysis, Rib Fracture, Tear Gas Exposure, Food Poisoning, Diarrhea, Urine Retention, Blunt Scrotal Trauma, Hypo & Hyperthermia

<u>Unit – III:</u>

Fundamentals of Patient Care

Concept of health & Illness, Health Determinants, Concept of Patients & Their Types, Patient Centred Care & Fundamentals of Communications, Reporting & Recording of Patients, Rights of Patients, Concepts of Disease & Its Types, General Concept, Care & Prevention of Accident, Trauma & Infections

<u>Unit – IV:</u>

Patient Care, Associated Units & Departments

<u>Ambulatory Units, Critical Care Units</u>, Paediatric, <u>Neonatal Intensive Care Unit</u> (NICU), <u>Emergency Department</u>, <u>Inpatient Units</u>, <u>Haematology/Oncology and Immunology</u> <u>Unit</u>, <u>Orthopaedic Unit</u>, <u>Psychiatry Unit</u>, <u>Neurology and Neurosurgical Unit</u>, <u>Renal</u>, <u>Dialysis</u> <u>Unit</u>, <u>Gastroenterology/Endocrinology Unit</u>, <u>Life Flight Critical Care Transport</u> <u>Program</u>, <u>Radiology Department</u>, <u>Surgical Units</u>, <u>Cardiac Catheterization Lab</u>, <u>Operating</u> <u>Room</u>, <u>Post Anaesthesia Care Unit</u>, Managing patients with disabilities, Geriatric Care, Care of Critically III Patients, Tracheotomise Patients. Nutritional Support in ICU

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

Course outcome: This course is focus on environmental studies. After learning this course students are able to understand nature of environmental studies, ecosystem an ,environment of pollution, social issues & environment

PAPER - 7 PAPER CODE Semester III

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of I	Duration of Examination:	

Unit 1:

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

- Definition, scope and importance.
- Need for public awareness.

Natural Resources

Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

- Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.
- Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems.
- Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

Unit 2:

Ecosystems

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- Producers, consumers and decomposers.
- Energy flow in the ecosystem.
- Ecological succession.
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.

Biodiversity and its conservation

- Hot-spots of biodiversity.
- Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
- Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

Unit 3:

Environmental Pollution

Definition, causes, effects and control measures of:-

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards
- Solid waste Management : Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.
- Fireworks, their impacts and hazards
- Pollution case studies.
- Disaster management : floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Unit 4 :

Social Issues and the Environment

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development
- Urban problems related to energy
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies.
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.
- Consumerism and waste products.
- Environmental Legislation (Acts and Laws)
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation

Human Population and the Environment

- Population growth, variation among nations with case studies
- Population explosion Family Welfare Programmes and Family Planning Programmes
- Human Rights.
- Value Education.
- Women and Child Welfare.

SEMESTER 4th

Basics of Pumps, Oxygenators & Blood Components

Course outcome: This course is focus on basic components & equipment of extracorporeal circuit. After learning this course students are able to understand configuration, working, types and advantage disadvantage of different kind of oxygenator, pumps filter, tubing and blood products.

PAPER – 1 PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Examin	nation

UNIT-1

Oxygenators-History of Oxygenators, Types of Oxygenators, Disc and Screen Oxygenators, Bubble Oxygenators, Membrane Oxygenators, Design & function of various Oxygenators

UNIT-2

Pumps- History of Pumps, Characteristics of an Ideal Pump, Types of Pumps Roller pumps, Centrifugal pumps, Peristaltic pumps, Design & function of Roller pumps, Design & function of Centrifugal pumps.

UNIT-3

Filters-Arterial filters, Cardiotomy filters, Gas line filters, Leucocyte filters, Types of tubing's used in CPB, Heat Exchangers.

UNIT-4

Blood components-Blood grouping and Cross Matching, PRBC, Whole blood, Platelets, FFP, Cryoprecipitate

Hemo-concentration, Conventional ultrafiltration CUF, Modified Ultra filtration MUF. Blood conservation techniques in Cardiac Surgery, Preoperative, Peri Operative, Post Operative, Cell Saver

UNIT-5

Coagulation system-Platelet Disorders- Thrombocytopenia, Thrombophilia, Coagulation pathway disorders - Von willibrands diseases Haemophilia, DIC- Disseminated intravascular coagulation, Fibrinolytic system and its disorders.

Basics of Pumps, Oxygenators & Blood Components PAPER – 2

PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits - - 2 2 Examination: Int. Assessment: 20 Marks 30 Marks Design & function of Roller pumps Arterial filters Cardiotomy filters, Gas line filter, Leucocyte filters Types of tubing's used in CPB & Heat Exchangers Temperature controlling machine Heart lung machine equipments

CONDUCTION OF CPB

Course outcome: This course is focus on different kind of priming solution and Cardiopulmonary protocols. After learning this course students are able to understand Advantage disadvantage of priming solution and prebypass checklist and initiation protocols of CPB.

PAPER – 3 PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Examination	

UNIT-1

PRIMING SOLUTION : CRYSTALLOID & COLLLOID SOLUTION Priming solutions and Haemodilution in CPB Crystalloids, Ringer lactate, Normal saline, Plasmalyte A,Dextrose,Colloids – Hetastarch Albumin,FFP. Additional drugs used in them - Mannitol, Heparin, Bicarbonate

UNIT-2

Prebypass Checklist Preparation Of Patient Cannulation Techniques Arterial cannulation- Aortic, femoral, iliac, Venous cannulation-SVC, IVC, RA, femoral vein, Cardioplegia cannulation- Antegrade, Retrograde, Osteal

UNIT-3

INITIATION OF BYPASS : PROTOCOLS

Conduct of CPB-Chart Review and selection of Equipments, Assembling the circuit: Priming and Setting occlusion, Initiation of CPB and Gas management.

Venting of the Heart and Cardiotomy Suction, Pre-CPB checklist, Pre weaning off, bypass checklist, Cardioplegia dosage and management, ABG and ACT management, Adequacy of Perfusion, Weaning From CPB.

UNIT-4

Equipment Of Cpb : Oxygenators Size ,Cannula Size & Tubing Size

UNIT-5

Blood Cardioplegia Device : Types Of Cardioplegia Solution

CONDUCTION OF CPB PAPER – 4 PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits

- - 2 2

Examination:20 MarksInt. Assessment:30 MarksTotal:50 MarksDuration of Examination

Prime solutions Protocol of Operation Theatre Priming & assembling of CPB circuits Assembling & priming of BCD Measurement of ABG & ACT Cannula & Catheter

MEDICAL DISORDER & Intensive Care

Course outcome: This course is focus on heart & other diseases after learning this course students are able to understand cardiovascular diseases, respiratory diseases, health related diseases, pulmonary diseases & electrolyte imbalance.

PAPER - 5 PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of Examination	Duration of Examination: 3 Hours	

UNIT-I

10 Hours

Cardiac and Respiratory diseases

1. Cardio vascular diseases

- a. Hypertension, Ischemic heart diseases, Myocardial Infarction, arrhythmias
- b. Heart failure, shock types, causes
- c. Cardiac care in ICU: hypertension, hypotension, arrhythmias, cardiac arrest, ACLS

2. Respiratory diseases

- a. Pneumonia, tuberculosis,
- b. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma
- c. Pleural effusion, pneumothorax
- d. Interstitial lung disease
- e. Pulmonary Oedema, Acute Lung Injury and Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome
- f. Respiratory care in ICU: airway care, tracheostomy care, endotracheal

intubation, mechanical ventilation, care of ventilated patient, complications and weaning.

Unit II **10 Hours**

Neurological, Renal, GI and infectious diseases

3. Neurological diseases

Polio myelitis, Gullian Barre Syndrome, Myasthenia Gravis, epilepsy / seizure disorder, cerebro vascular accident / stroke

Head injury and Trauma Care: Glasgow coma scale, care of head injury patient, poly trauma patient

4. Renal Diseases

- a. Acute kidney injury
- b. Chronic Kidney Disease
- c. Renal failure: types, etiology, complications, corrective measures
- d. Urinary tract infections: Definition, types of UTI, risk factors, diagnosis, treatment
- e. Renal stone diseases, inherited and cystic renal diseases

f. Nephrotic syndromes- definition, clinical features, causes & types

5. Gastro intestinal and Liver Diseases

- a. Gastritis / APD, peptic ulcer
- b. Acute gastroenteritis
- c. Hepatitis, Hepatic failure, alcoholic liver disease

Infectious diseases: Dengue, malaria

<u>Unit III</u>

10 Hours

Blood, fluid, electrolyte and acid base abnormalities

Blood loss and Anemia, thrombocytopenia Fluid and electrloyte disorders-Hyponatremia, hypernatremia, hypokalemia& hyperkalemia: Etiology, clinical presentation and management Disorders of calcium, phosphorous & magnesium ions. Acid- base disorders : Basics of ABG Metabolic acidosis & metabolic alkalosis: pathophysiology, etiology , clinical features and management. Unit IV 08 Hours

Infection Control and Nutrition in ICU

Infection control in ICU: prevention of cross infection, personal protection, antibiotics and policy. Sepsis, multi-organ failure, Multi-organ dysfunction syndrome Nutrition and Fluid balance - total parentral nutrition, nasogastric tube,

Unit V

10 Hours

Health problems in Specific conditions and Toxicology -

. Health problems in specific conditions

- a. Pregnancy antenatal care, disorders in pregnancy
- b. Obesity
- c. Diabetes mellitus
- d. HIV infections and AIDS

Poisoning and drug over dosing

- a. Classification of poisons, Principles of treatment of poisoning and Primary care. Poisons and drug over dosing requiring ventilation,
- b. Drowning & Hanging

MEDICAL DISORDER & Intensive Care

PAPER - 6 PAPER CODE Semester IV

L T P Credits - - 2 2

Examination:20 MarksInt. Assessment:30 MarksTotal:50 MarksDuration of Examination:

1. Monitoring of Patients

2. Operating devices, ventilator and monitor settings for different clinical conditions

3. Drugs used in Intensive Care

4. Trouble shooting and maintenance of monitors, equipments and ventilators

General care and transport of ICU patient - eye, skin, bladder care, position, airways, drains, catheters. Transport of critically ill patient to and out of ICU, transport of patient with drains, airway, inotropes, mechanical ventilator.

Monitoring in critical care: vital signs, drains, ECG, fluid intake & output, invasive hemodynamic and central venous pressure monitoring

central venous pressure monitoring

SEMESTER 5th

Myocardial Protection and drugs used in CPB

Course outcome:This course is focus on strategies to maintain integrity of myocardium during the cardiac surgery. After learning this course students are able to understand cardioplegia solutions and different drugs used during CPB.

PAPER – 1 PAPER CODE Semester V

L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
	Total:	100 Marks
	Duration of Examination	

UNIT-1

Myocardial protection : Crystalloid Cardioplegia - St Thomas solution, Del Nido solution, Custodiol HTK solution -Histidine-Tryptophan-Ketoglutarate Blood cardioplegia delivery Devices-MPS myocardial protection system, Cardioplegia reservoir

UNIT-2

Drugs used in CPB: Vasodilators- Sodium Nitroprusside, Nitroglycerine, Vasoconstrictors-Phenylephrine, Anti Arrhythmics- Amiodarone, Magnesium, Lignocaine Diuretic-Frusemide, Mannitol. Anticoagulants- Heparin, Low molecular Weight heparin, Dabagatrin Argatroban, Protamine, Steroids- Dexamethasone

Inhalation agents-Sevoflurane, Isoflurane, Analgesics- Fentanyl, Morphine, Sedatives-Midazolam, Thiopentone, Antiplatelets- Aspirin, Clopidogrel, Ticlopidine, Prasugrel Sodium Bicarbonate, Potassium Chloride, Heparin and its alternatives- Bivalirudin, Argatroban, Lepirudin Inotropes-Adrenaline, Noradrenaline, Dopamine, Dobutamine, Milrinone, Vasopressin, Levosimendan.

UNIT-3

Coagulation management during CPB and its reversal Heparin Pharmacology Heparin Dosing And Monitoring Heparin Resistance Alternatives To Unfractionated Heparin – Heparin Induced Thrombocytopenia Protamine Pharmacology Protamine reaction Temperature management during CPB Temperature monitoring sites, Types of hypothermia Temperature gradient.

UNIT-4

Effect of CPB, Effect of CPB on CNS, Effect of CPB on Respiratory System, Effect of CPB on Renal system, Effect of CPB on Hepatic system Effect of CPB on Immune system, Effect of CPB on Endocrine system, Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome, Heparin Resistance, Heparin Induced Thrombocytopenia, Protamine Reactions

Myocardial Protection and drugs used in CPB-Practical

PAPER – 2 PAPER CODE Semester V

L T P Credits

Examination: 20 Marks Int. Assessment: 30 Marks Total: 50 Marks Duration of Examination:

St Thomas solution, Del Nido solution, Custodiol HTK solution -Histidine-Tryptophan-Ketoglutarate

MPS myocardial protection system, Cardioplegia reservoir, , Vasodilators- Sodium Nitroprusside, Nitroglycerine, Vasoconstrictors- Phenylephrine, Anti Arrhythmics-

Amiodarone, Magnesium, Lignocaine Diuretic- Frusemide, Mannitol

Anticoagulants- Heparin, Low molecular Weight heparin

Protamine Steroids- Dexamethasone

Sodium Bicarbonate, Potassium Chloride ,Heparin and its alternatives- Bivalirudin, Argatroban , Adrenaline, Noradrenaline, Dopamine, Dobutamine, Milrinone, Vasopressin, Levosimendan

Special Situations in Perfusion Technology

Course outcome: This course is focus on strategies of perfusion technology used in some special cases. After learning this course students are able to understand the perfusion strategies used in aortic . pregnancy and infants. Also understand about minimal invasive cardiac surgery and DHCA

	PAPER – 3		
	PAPER CODE		
Semester V			
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of Examin	nation	

UNIT-1

Vascular Diseases-Classification, presentation, diagnosis and management of Aneurysms and dissections, Ascending aorta, Arch of aorta, Descending thoracic aorta.

UNIT-2

CPB special conditions, Foetal circulation, CPB in pregnancy, Reperfusion injury CPB CHECK LIST, Prebypass check list, Initiation of CPB, Maintenance of CPB, Weaning of CPB

UNIT-3

CPB in Infants & Children, Selection of circuit, Selection of cannulae Blood prime

UNIT-4

Deep Hypothermic Circulatory Arrest (DHCA), Steps Taken Before Going On DHCA, Antegrade & Retrograde Cerebral Perfusion, Alpha stat management Ph stat management, Non hypothermic cardiac surgeries

UNIT-5

Minimal Invasive Cardiac Surgeries, CPB for Minimal Invasive Cardiac Surgeries, CPB for Non- Cardiac Surgeries, Recent advances in Perfusion Safety devices in CPB, Level detector, Bubble detector Pressure sensor, Pump slave, Hand cranks, Pulsatile, Perfusion

Special Situations in Perfusion Technology-Practical

PAPER - 4 PAPER CODE

Semester VI

L T P Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
2 2	Int. Assessment:	30 Marks
	Total:	50 Marks
	Duration of Examination:	

Assembling of CPB circuit , Initiation of CPB , Maintenance of CPB, Weaning of CPB Conventional ultrafiltration CUF , Modified Ultra filtration MUF $\,$

Intra Aortic Balloon Pump (IABP), Deep Hypothermic Circulatory Arrest (DHCA), Antegrade & amp; Retrograde Cerebral Perfusion, Setting up of DHCA circuit for ACP and RCP

Case scenarios of adult heart disease, congenital heart disease and thoracic vascular disease and lung diseases mentioned in the above units.

Practical, Identify and Discuss - CXR, CT thorax, angiogram, CT angiogram and PFT and ECHO findings of the above diseases

Mechanical Circulatory Support Device

Course outcome: This course is focus on different kind of circulatory support devices used in cardiac patients. After learning this course students are able to understand about IABP, ECMO and Vads.

PAPER-5 PAPER CODE Semester V

	bennester v		
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of Examin	Duration of Examination: 3 Hours	

<u>UNIT-I</u>

Introduction to IABP, Parts of IABP machine, Parts of IABP balloon, Insertion sites, Different IABP sizes, Indications, steps of insertion and removal, complications and contraindications

<u>UNIT-II</u>

Introduction to ECMO, Components of ECMO circuits, Indications and contraindications to ECMO, Types of ECMO. Cardiac Support Devices, Extra Corporeal Life Support (ECMO / ECLS)

UNIT-III

Introduction to VAD, components of VAD, indication, contraindication and criteria to VAD. Types of VADs and advantage disadvantage of VADs Total artificial Heart

UNIT-IV

Minimal invasive cardiac surgery Deep hypothermic circulatory arrest, pH stat and alpha stat Antegrade and retrograde cerebral perfusion

UNIT-V

Recent advances in Perfusion technology

Mechanical Circulatory Support Device-Practical PAPER - 6 PAPER CODE

Semester VI

L T P Credits	Examination:	20 Marks
2 2	Int. Assessment:	30 Marks
	Total:	50 Marks
	Duration of Examination:	

Patient preparation, monitoring and handling of patients during insertion of IABP and continuous monitoring of IABP Assembling, priming and monitoring and handling of ECMO Monitoring of VADs MICS DHCA

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS

Course outcome: This course is focus on the research methodology & biostatistics after learning this course students are able to understand the introduction and measurment of statistics, variability, data, central tendency & central technique.

PAPER - 7 PAPER CODE Semester V

	S emester v		
L T P Credits	Examination:	60 Marks	
3 1 - 4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks	
	Total:	100 Marks	
	Duration of Examin	Duration of Examination: 3 Hours	

<u>UNIT-I</u>

Introduction

Meaning, definition, characteristics of statistics Importance of the study of statistics Branches of statistics Statistics and health science including nursing Parameters and estimates Descriptive and inferential statistics Variables and their types Measurement scales

UNIT-II

Tabulation of Data

Raw data, the array, frequency distribution Basic principles of graphical representation Types of diagrams - histograms, frequency polygons, smooth frequency polygon, cumulative frequency curve, Normal probability curve

<u>UNIT-III</u>

Measure of Central Tendency

Introduction: Uses, applications and practical approach Definition and calculation of mean - ungrouped and grouped data Meaning, interpretation and calculation of median ungrouped and grouped data Meaning and calculation of mode Comparison of the mean, and mode Guidelines for the use of various measures of central tendency

UNIT-IV

Measure of Variability

Introduction: Uses, applications and practical approach The range, the average deviation or mean deviation The variance and standard deviation Calculation of variance and standard deviation for ungrouped and grouped data Properties and uses of variance and Standard deviation

<u>UNIT-V</u>

Sampling Techniques

Introduction: Uses, applications and practical approach

Criteria for good samples

Application of sampling in Community Sampling methods, sampling and non-sampling errors Sampling variation and tests of significance

HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT AND MEDICAL ETHICS

Course outcome: This course is focus on the principles of medical ethics & hospital management after learning this course students are able to understand introduction to hospital staffing,legal & medical issues,handling of patients,department safety & infection control & anesthesia.

		PAPER CODE	
		Semester V	
LTP	Credits	Examination:	60 Marks
31-	4	Int. Assessment:	40 Marks
		Total:	100 Marks

UNIT-1

Introduction to hospital staffing- Hospital staffing, administration, PACS, HIS, RIS, DICOM.Medical records and documentation.

UNIT-2

Legal & medical issues- Legal and Ethical issues towards patient rights, patient responsibility, legal concerns, History taking, patient monitoring, inform consent, mal-practice, patient privacy issues.Professional ethics and Code of conduct of radiographer. Medical legal issues (MLC).

UNIT-3

Handling of patientsSeriously ill and traumatized patients, visually impaired, hearing and speech impaired patients, mentally impaired patients/ psychologically issues, infectious patients, critical/trauma patients, pregnant patient, patient with implant. Handling of patient with life threading diseases like HIV, STD, HBsAG, etc.

UNIT-4

Departmental Safety& Infection Control Safety and hazards from material and electricity etc. Biomedical waste management and control. **Infection control**Skin care, donning of gowns, gloves, face masks, head caps, shoe covers. **Vitals signs-** Vital signs. How to measure vital signs. **Body mechanics and transferring& shifting of patient** Draw sheet lift, use of slide boards, wheelchair to couch, couch to wheelchair, couch to table, three men lift and four men lift Orthodox & Austrian method etc.**First aid-** Artificial respiration, hemostasis, first aid techniques, ABCD management.

UNIT-5

Anesthesia-Local anesthesia and general anesthesia, uses in hospital, Facilities regarding general Anesthesia in different department of hospital. Management of adverse.

SEMESTER 6th

<u>Clinical Training/Hospital Posting</u>

Total Duration : 6 months

Area: Cardiothoracic & Vascular surgery department

Duration: 3 Months

Area: CTVS Operation theatre

Duration: 3 Months

SEMESTER 7th & 8th

Internship

Total Duration : 12 Months

Area: CTVS Operation Theatre

Duration: 6 months

Area: ECMO & IABP

Duration: 6 Months